The Chicago Tribune.

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THE LEGISLATURE.

The West Side Park Bill Ordered to a Third Reading in the Senate.

The Soldiers' Orphans' Home Bill Pruned for Third Reading.

House Resolutions for an Investigation of an Alleged Bribery Case.

Passage by the House of the Bill to Pay Penitentiary Creditors.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, June 14.

A MOTION OF FUNK

in relation to the West Side Park Commissioners of the North Side Park Commissioners will not go into effect until July 4th. The law will not go into effect until July 4th. The law will not go into effect until July 4th. The law

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Terms Per Week, as Served by Mail.

TRIBUNE CO. Chicago, Ill.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871.

THE SUNDAY ORDINANCE.

The Illinois Council have rejected and rejected the clause of the ordinance which would have made the sale of beer and liquors on Sunday illegal. The clause rejected leaves the prohibition of the sale of such liquors on Sunday to the law of the State, which prohibits such sale on Sunday regardless of any ordinance to the contrary. The Union Lager Beer Association is nearly satisfied.

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We want not merely to encourage benevolent and virtuous customs, but also to make them universal. We want not merely to secure a day of rest, but a day of rest which shall be a day of rest to all. We want not merely to secure a day of rest, but a day of rest which shall be a day of rest to all at the same time. We want not merely to secure a day of rest, but a day of rest which shall be a day of rest to all at the same time, and which shall be a day of rest to all at the same time in all the United States, and we want a wider change than the new political boundary of twenty miles from the city of Chicago.

Having stated what he wants to then declares that it is not attainable, for reasons which, on our part, are thus stated:

"If the people of Illinois, after the instruction of the Supreme Court, shall vote by a majority against the Sunday ordinance, it will be the duty of the Mayor to revoke the license of any saloon which sells beer or liquor on Sunday. But the power has been granted only to stand where the ability of liquor was accompanied by disorderly conduct. It was the case of disorderly conduct that gave the power to the Mayor to revoke the license. Still, the Mayor has adequate penalties, if anybody chooses to enforce them. So it would seem that no real change has been effected by the vote of the Council on Tuesday evening."

Nevertheless, there has been an apparent change, and it is worth while to see how it has been effected. A number of persons, representing, we suppose, the feelings of that portion of the community who are opposed to all forms of Sunday legislation, met into the Council, a protest against the re-enactment of the old ordinance on this subject. This protest arose, in substance, that the Illinois Constitution of 1870 is a religious distinction; that the Constitution of the United States forbids any religious test for a member of the State Union for a number of years; that Illinois is a member of the United States, and that, therefore, it is illegal to have a religious test for a member of the State Union for a number of years. What a happy State Delaware must be!

Mr. Harland contended that the United States could not be a party to an enforcement of Sunday rules that the Constitution put into the hands of three supreme judges. He insists that trade, with the prosperous, is to be left free to the United States, and here

TELEGRAPHY.

The Western Union Company—The Atlantic Cable—A Dividend Declared.

From the Report of the President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, submitted at the recent semi-annual meeting of the Directors, at the office of the Company, in New York.

The net profits from July 1, 1869, to July 1, 1870, were $4,327,045. The net profits for the year ending June 1, 1871, were $4,587,564. For the six months ending June 1, 1871, the net profits were $1,918,856. The net earnings of the new property have been applied to the purchase of the capital stock of the Atlantic & Pacific and Pacific & Atlantic companies, and other good and valuable property. The bonded debt is about $4,000,000. In 1867 the Company had 97,000 miles of wire; in 1870, 136,000 miles; in 1867, 2,861 offices; in 1870, 4,300 offices; in 1867 the company transmitted 6,000,000 of messages; in 1870, 9,000,000. The receipts in 1867, $2,477,000; in 1870, $4,327,000. The increase of new lines was 1867, $118,000; in 1868, $400,000; in 1869, $422,000; in 1870, $400,000. The average of dividends for the last three years was 7 1/2 per cent. The average of cash on hand was $1,112,000. The average amount of cash on deposit was $1,000,000. The average of bills receivable was $1,000,000.

The New York (June 10) correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer says:

The Morse electro-Hungarian ocean duty question is settled. As a result of the recent conference between the Postmaster-General and the United States Cable Company, the latter will reduce the rate for messages to Hong Kong and the remote portion of the Atlantic cable to 50 cents per word. This reduction will be dated during the next week. The fault in the working of the cable, which was reported at the point at which the engineers had previously located it, and in addition to the atmospheric disturbances which have prevailed for the last week, have caused the cable to work very badly. The Company, however, have every reason to believe that the fault has been located, and that the cable will soon be in working order. The Postmaster-General, after the cable has been in working order for a few days, will call upon the Company to show cause why the rates for messages should not be reduced. The Company, which has completed these repeaters, will, it is believed, be able to show cause why the rates should not be reduced. The Postmaster-General, it is said, will not interfere with the rates of the Company, but will reserve the right of the Government to establish a line of its own, should the rates not be reduced to a satisfactory point. It is believed that the first three months it was laid, and about the same time the French cable, also, to show about 4 per cent of a defect at some unknown point, but gradually increased until it now shows 40 per cent. The Company refuses to be made liable for the future expenses of electrical force necessary to sustain the cable, and will not undertake the duty of electrical connection with Europe, but from its very fair, better than was ever before known, and will still control the working of the stock. Consolidation among the opposition telegraph lines is also again discussed, in which, however, the Western Union Company will still control a majority

AMUSEMENTS.

CHICAGO THEATRE.

Mr. WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

CATALOGUE SALE

OF

PAINTINGS

AT AUCTION.

Mobile's Exhibition & Sale Gallery,

No. 150 Randolph-st.

Pursuant to Notice, at 10 o'clock, at our Salesroom,

WM. A. SUTTON & CO., Auctioneers.

By WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

PARNASUS, TRAVELLING BAGS,

Yankee Notions, &c.

AT AUCTION,

This day at 10 o'clock, at our salesroom,

WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

REAL ESTATE,

Near the Bethel Mills,

On Irving-st.

AT AUCTION,

By WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

GRAND BENEFICIENT CONCERT

Miss JANE COOMBS,

CHARLES ADAMS,

Miss CHRISTINA NILSSON

HR RESIDENCE LOTS

AT AUCTION.

On Monday, June 10, 1871,

AT AUCTION,

By WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

GOVERNMENT GOODS

AT AUCTION.

To City, Town, and Village People.

GREAT SALE OF

CANNONS, MUSKETS, &c.,

On FRIDAY, June 23, at 10 o'clock,

Fourth of July Celebration,

AT OUR SALESROOMS,

No. 150 Randolph-st.

WM. A. SUTTON & CO., Auctioneers.

By WM. A. SUTTON & CO.

CHICAGO THEATRE.

WYNDHAM COMEDY COMPANY

CAST:

COL. WOOD'S MINSTRELS.

SIGNOR BLITZ,

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE.

KATIE PUTNAM

CRAIG'S OPERA HOUSE.

THE RAILWAY INTEREST.

KEYSTONE DRAWS.

ELLIOTT.

Public Trial of the Wiggs Boiler.

The Ship of Commerce.

Lakes of Coal Money.

Sunday-School Question.

Books that Pay, and Paths to Liberty in Debt.

Banks of Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, and Other Cash Lists.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Public Meeting of Citizens.

Police Trials.

Fire Record.

Marriage Licenses.

Real Estate Transfers.

Building Permits.

Births, Deaths, and Burials.

Weather Report.

Markets.

Shipping Intelligence.

Canal Freights.

Lake Freights.

Grain in Store.

Receipts and Shipments.

Stock Yards.

Produce Exchange.

Board of Trade.

Petroleum.

Wool.

Hides.

Leather.

Lumber.

Coal.

Iron.

Groceries.

Provisions.

Dry Goods.

Boots and Shoes.

Hardware.

Drugs.

Liquors.

Tobacco.

Seeds.

Paints.

Oils.

Glass.

Crockery.

Metals.

Miscellaneous.

Auction Sales.

Boots and Shoes.

Clothing.

Dry Goods.

Groceries.

Hardware.

Jewelry.

Liquors.

Miscellaneous.

Musical.

Oils.

Paints.

Produce.

Real Estate.

Stoves.

Tobacco.

Wanted to Buy.

Wanted to Rent.

Wanted to Sell.

Boarding and Lodging.

Business Chances.

Business Notices.

Dancing.

Dressmaking.

Financial.

Help Wanted—Female.

Help Wanted—Male.

Lost and Found.

Machinery.

Medical.

Miscellaneous.

Partnerships.

Personal.

Proposals.

Real Estate Wanted.

Situations Wanted.

Steamboats and Propellers.

Teachers.

Wanted to Buy.

Wanted to Rent.

Wanted to Sell.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Civil Rights Bill Passed by the Senate.

The Bill to Pay Penitentiary Creditors Ordered to Third Reading.

Passage by the House of the Bill for the Management of the Penitentiary.

Interesting Debate on the Railroad Double Bill.

Passage of the Contingent Expense Appropriation.

Frank Templeton, of Chicago, Appointed Grain Inspector.